

Subcategory: Metal; Nonferrous Metal; Titanium Alloy; Unalloyed/Modified Titanium

Key Words: UNS R50250

| Component | Wt. % |
|-----------|-----------|
| С | Max 0.08 |
| Fe | Max 0.2 |
| Н | Max 0.015 |
| Ν | Max 0.03 |
| 0 | Max 0.18 |
| Ti | Min 99.1 |

Material Notes:

Titanium content above is calculated as the remainder and may not reflect the actual range.

Commercially Pure Titanium.

Industry Specifications: Germany Engineering: 3.7025. Germany Aerospace: 3.7024. France: T-35. UK Aerospace Specification: BS TA. 1.

Features: The mechanical properties of CP titanium are influenced by small additions of oxygen and iron. By careful control of these additions, the various grades of commercially pure titanium are produced to give properties suited to different applications. TIMETAL 35A contains the lowest oxygen and iron levels, producing the most formable grade of material. It has the highest purity, lowest strength, and best room-temperature ductility and formability of the four ASTM commercially pure grades. 35A should be used where maximum formability is required such as in explosive bonding and plate type heat exchangers. It exhibits excellent corrosion resistance in highly oxidizing to mildly reducing environments, including chlorides. It has good impact properties at low temperatures. In addition, TIMETAL 35A can be easily welded, machined, cold worked, hot worked, and cast. It is nonmagnetic.

Typical heat treatment for this alloy: Anneal at 700°C for 1 hour and air cool. Stress Relieve at 500°C for 30 mins and air cool.

Data provided by TIMET.

| Physical Properties | Metric | English | Comments |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Density | <u>4.51 g/cc</u> | 0.163 lb/in ³ | Typical |

Mechanical Properties

| Tensile Strength, Ultimate | <u>345 MPa</u> | 50000 psi | Typical |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Tensile Strength, Yield | <u>220 MPa</u> | 31900 psi | Typical 0.2% Proof Stress |
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| Elongation at Break | <u>35 %</u> | 35 % | Typical |
| Reduction of Area | <u>70 %</u> | 70 % | Typical |
| Modulus of Elasticity | 105 - 120 GPa | 15200 - 17400 ksi | Typical |
| Fatigue Strength | <u>123 MPa</u> | 17800 psi | Notched, Kt=3; limit at 10^7 cycles; rotating bend |
| Fatigue Strength | <u>193 MPa</u> | 28000 psi | Smooth, Kt=1; limit at 10^7 cycles; rotating bend |
| | | | |

Electrical Properties

| Electrical Resistivity | <u>4.5e-005 ohm-cm</u> | 4.5e-005 ohm-cm | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | | | |
| Thermal Properties | | | |
| | | | |
| CTE, linear 20°C | <u>8.6 µm/m-°C</u> | 4.78 µin∕in-°F | 20-100°C |
| CTE, linear 250°C | <u>9.5 µm/m-°C</u> | 5.28 µin∕in-°F | 20-300°C |
| CTE, linear 500°C | <u>9.7 µm/m-°C</u> | 5.39 µin∕in-°F | 20-500°C |
| Thermal Conductivity | <u>21.97 W/m-K</u> | 152 BTU-in/hr-ft²-°F | |
| Maximum Service Temperature, Air | <u>425 °C</u> | 797 °F | Continuous |
| Maximum Service Temperature, Air | <u>540 °C</u> | 1000 °F | Intermittant |
| Beta Transus | <u>890 °C</u> | 1630 °F | |

Some of the values displayed above may have been converted from their original units and/or rounded in order to display the information in a consistant format. Users requiring more precise data for scientific or engineering calculations can click on the property value to see the original value as well as raw conversions to equivalent units. We advise that you only use the original value or one of its raw conversions in your calculations to minimize rounding error.